

## Assignments on Acts 13

Read Acts 13 then answer these questions:

1. Name some teachers and prophets in the church at Antioch – 13:1. (Think: What is a prophet?)

2. Tell who was separated for a special work, and describe how it was done – 13:2,3.

3. Where did they go first, and who went with them – 13:4,5? (Note: Trace the travels of Paul on a **map** as our study proceeds.)

4. Name and describe two men they found at Paphos – 13:6,7.

5. **Special Assignment:** List and explain two other **passages** that discuss sorcery or witchcraft. What other sorcerer have we studied in Acts?

6. What did Elymas do wrong – 13:8? (Think: How might someone today turn aside another person from the faith?)

7. What new name was used for Saul beginning in 13:9? (Think: What is the difference between these two names?)

8. What consequence came on Elymas for his wrong – 13:10,11? (Think: Were Bible miracles always done to help people overcome a physical problem? What can we learn?)

9. What effect did this have on Sergius Paulus – 13:12? (Think: What lessons can we learn about sorcery?)

10. **Application:** What lessons can we learn about Bible miracles in contrast to modern “miracles”?

11. What 2 places did Paul's company visit next – 13:13,14 (see *map*)?

12. What did Mark do at Perga? What problem did that create later (cf. cross-references)?

13. In Antioch, where did Paul go, when did he go there, and what did he do there – 13:14-16?  
(Think: What was a synagogue and who met there?)

14. What was the Sabbath, what was its purpose, and who was supposed to keep it (give b/c/v)?

15. **Case Study:** Sabbath keepers often claim that Paul was here observing the Sabbath day. List **passages** that show what our relationship is to the Old Testament and/or to the Sabbath. Why did Paul go to the synagogue and with whom did he meet there?

16. What approach or method did Paul use in his sermon, and who else used a similar approach in Acts? (Think: What was the advantage of this approach?)

17. Where did Paul begin in Israel's history, and what events did he describe – 13:17,18?  
(Think: Why was this a good starting point?)

8. What land did God give Israel, and how were they first ruled – 13:19,20? (Think: What happened to the people living in the land?)

9. What form of government did they have next, and why did the change occur – 13:21 (give b/c/v)? (Think: What did God think of this change when it occurred?)

20. Who were the first two kings, and how did God describe the second – 13:21,22? (Think: Why was the first king removed?)

21. Of whom was Jesus a descendant? What would Jesus be or do for Israel – 13:23?

22. Who had come before Jesus, and what had he preached – 13:24?
23. What did John say was his relationship to the One coming after him, and what did John mean by this – 13:25?
24. Why did the people and rulers in Jerusalem condemn Jesus – 13:26,27?
25. Describe how the people treated Jesus – 13:28,29. What is meant by the statement that they found no cause of death in Him?
26. What did God do for Jesus? How could the people know this was true – 13:30,31?
27. List three prophecies cited in 13:32-35, and give Old Testament **book/chapter/verse** for each.
28. How can we know David did not fulfill the prediction quoted in 13:36,37? Who else in Acts quoted this prophecy?
29. What blessing did Jesus provide and why did people need it – 13:38,39? (Think: Define “justify,” and explain why the Law of Moses could not provide justification.)
30. What passage did Paul quote in ending his sermon (13:40,41)? Explain it.
31. What was the result of Paul’s sermon on that first Sabbath in Antioch – 13:42,43?

32. What does it mean to continue in the grace of God? (Think: What lessons can we learn from this concept?)

33. Who came together to be taught the next week – 13:44?

34. How did the Jews react to the crowds – 13:45?

35. What did Paul and Barnabas say in response to the Jews – 13:46?

36. **Application:** Who was responsible for the Jew's response to the gospel? How can a person judge himself unworthy of eternal life? What application should we make?

37. What Scripture (**book/chapter/verse**) did Paul cite as authority for his decision, and what did the verse teach – 13:47?

38. What result did the teaching to the Gentiles accomplish – 13:48,49?

39. What finally caused Paul and Barnabas to leave Antioch – 13:50?

40. Where did they go next – 13: 51 (see **map**)?

41. What attitude did the Christians in Antioch have – 13:52? (Think: Is this the reaction we might have expected? What does this show about these disciples and about the Bible concept of joy?)